

Remote Learning

Year 4B Remote Learning

Time frame: week beginning: 22 February 2021

We are so sorry you are unable to be at school. Whilst you stay at home, we want you to keep learning, so please complete the following work I have set for you.

- Your zoom link to all lessons:
 - Meeting: Password: Class email:
- Look at the work for the correct day of the week for maths, English and the wider curriculum. Our remote learning provision each day includes the following: one maths lesson, one English lesson and one wider curriculum lesson.
- The maths learning will always be based on the Maths No Problem lesson the class is doing. Please ensure you have signed up to the parent guide for Maths No Problem.
- Please ensure you upload your work onto Seesaw it is important that the class teacher can see all the fantastic learning you are doing at home.





Year 4B Timetable

			Zoom		
Wake Up, Shake Up 8:30 am –	Wednesdays and Start your day righ What better way t They are open to c	Fridays. Int with a fun fitness to no move your body, all pupils and familie rs getting involved!	rtlett and your schoolm session and challenges w laugh with your friends o es at Belleville Wix, no n Daily exercise has the p	ith Mr Bartlett and yo and feel great for the natter your age. You	our schoolmates! rest of the day! may even spot a
9:00 am					
Registration 10:00 am – 10:05 am	Have youRegistration	d in your uniform r resources to han on rning for the day			
Maths 10:05 am – 10:30 am	Teacher toPupils sen	o teach the maths t off to complete t	concept – up to 20 mir heir work independent ith teacher to discuss fu	tly.	
English 12:00 pm — 12:30 pm	Pupils to	complete their wo	concept – up to 20 m rk independently. ith teacher to discuss fu		
Curriculum	Pupils to p	oost their work on	culum work in the home Seesaw to be marked ave lunch and take som	by the teacher.	
1:30 pm – 2:30 pm					
Afternoon Registration 2:30 pm – 3:00 pm		ass reading sessior hare their work a	n. nd say goodbye for th	e day.	
Links to Days	Monday	<u>Tuesday</u>	<u>Wednesday</u>	<u>Thursday</u>	<u>Friday</u>
Resources	Monday	<u>Tuesday</u>	Wednesday	<u>Thursday</u>	<u>Friday</u>





	Deepening : Which other parts of the world did Vikings raid, invade and settle in? <u>This resource</u> might help you get started with your research.
Daily Tasks	 Practise your spellings to learn for the week. Write each spelling word in a separate sentence. Continue to read the book you are reading at home every day for at least 20 mins with an adult. You should also use your Bug Club account to read with an adult.

	Wednesday					
Maths	Textbook 4A – Chapter 5 – Graphs – Worksheet 5					
	Support: • <u>https://classroom.thenational.academy/lessons/reading-and-interpreting-line-</u> <u>graphs-cgtkad?step=2&activity=video</u>					
	Deepening:					
	Daily Burger Sales					
	600 Plos sa					
	300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300					
	Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri					
	Write down all the calculations to you do to answer each question.					
	1) How many hamburgers were sold altogether this week?					
	2) How many cheeseburgers were sold altogether this week?					
	3) On what day where most burgers sold?					
	4) How much money did the burger shop make on Monday?					
	5) On which day did the burger shop make the least amount of money? How do you know?					
English	 PLAN / WRITE: A haiku Think – What is a haiku? How many lines does it have? How many syllables on each line? How many syllables in total? Today, you are going to be writing three of your own haikus about the 5 senses. Choose a location for the setting of your haiku. Look here for some ideas. Look at this planning format. Record your own ideas on the planning format. Write three of your own haikus. 					
	Support:					
	Support planning formatWord bank					
	Deepening: Use the best words in the best order so that the reader has to guess which sense you are talking about. Try not to give it away by saying the sense!					



an adult.

	Thursday				
Maths	YEAR 3 RECAP Textbook 3B – Chapter 11 – Fractions – Worksheet 1				
	Support:				
	• <u>https://vimeo.com/412245221/90c9d59c28</u>				
	Deepening: • Miss Malinowski will post the deepening for this lesson to seesaw.				
English	READ/ PLAN: understand and use figurative language				
LIGUSI	 Think - What is figurative language? What is a simile? What is a metaphor? Today, we are going to be looking at a poem that uses metaphors. Read What is the Sun? by Wes Magee here or watch a teacher read it to you here. Think - Does this poem rhyme? Does this poem use metaphors? What metaphors can you spot? You are going to write your own poem in the style of What is the Sun? However, your poem is going to be called What is the Moon? Think - What comparisons can you think of for the moon? What different shades of colour could the moon be? What different shapes could you compare it to? Note down your ideas. Look at these pictures of the moon to help you. Look at the planning format. Plan your own poem using the planning format and the ideas you noted down earlier. 				
	Support planning formatWord bank				
	Deepening: Compare your plan about the moon to that of the sun. What's the same?				
Curriculum	What's different? Pilgrimages to Jerusalem				
RE – Journeys and Pilgrimages	 List the Seven Wonders of the World from the last lesson. Watch this <u>video</u> and this <u>video</u> about the importance of Jerusalem to the Jewish and Christian religions. Create a <u>Venn diagram</u> to show the reason for why Christians and Jews might want to make a pilgrimage to Jerusalem. 				
Daily Tasks	- Practise your spellings to learn for the week. Do pyramid writing and Look,				
	say, cover, write, check.				
	- Continue to read the book you are reading at home every day for at least 20 mins with an adult. You should also use your Bug Club account to read				
	with an adult.				



	Friday			
Maths	YEAR 3 RECAP Textbook 3B – Chapter 11 – Fractions – Worksheet 2 and 3			
	Support: • https://vimeo.com/412345580/34ce70e489 • https://vimeo.com/412341663/844c400f2e • https://vimeo.com/412341663/844c400f2e • https://vimeo.com/412341663/844c400f2e • https://vimeo.com/414683843/03a266864b • https://vimeo.com/412710096/93cb566f9			
	Deepening: Miss Malinowski will post the deepening for this lesson to seesaw.			
English	 WRITE/ IMPROVE: A poem using figurative language Think - What is a metaphor? What are you writing your poem about? Look at your plan from yesterday. Add any extra ideas you think of and then put a tick next to your top 5 ideas. Write your own poem using ideas from your plan. Use the CUPS and ARMS poster uploaded to Seesaw to improve your poem. Focus on ARMS (adding/ removing/ moving/ substituting words to improve your poem). Publish the final version of your poem using this publishing sheet. 			
	Support: • Support publishing sheet Deepening: • Record yourself performing your poem and upload to Seesaw			
Curriculum	Safer Internet Week – Why is it important to speak to someone when we are			
PSHE	worried about something online?			
PE and Music	 Think - Why is it important to speak to someone when we are worried about something online? Read the scenarios on the <u>activity below</u> and think about how each one would make the person feel. Choose one of the scenarios and think of advice that you could give them. What could they do in their situation? Explain your answer. Miss Malinowski will post the link to the PE and Music recorded lessons in the week to 			
	seesaw.			
Daily Tasks	 Practise your spellings to learn for the week. Draw around the world and Look, say, cover, write, check. Continue to read the book you are reading at home every day for at least 20 mins with an adult. You should also use your Bug Club account to read with an adult. 			

Reading Continue to read the book you are reading at home every day for at least 20 mins with an adult. You should also use your Bug Club account to read with an adult. This week's guided reading: Daring Deed: The Secret in the Attic (Part 1) You may also read on Epic! Books for kids - login instructions are on Seesaw Grammar and Spelling Ask an adult to test you on your spellings to learn for the week. Look up the meaning. Write the spelling in a sentence. Practice these for 15 minutes each day. Your spellings to learn are: natural notice opposite often perhaps position site sight SO sew sow

Miss Malinowski



<u>Resources</u> <u>Monday Resources</u>

Maths -

English –

Alligator Pie – Dennis Lee

Alligator pie, alligator pie, If I don't get some I think I'm gonna die. Give away the green grass, give away the sky, But don't give away my alligator pie.

Alligator stew, alligator stew, If I don't get some I don't know what I'll do. Give away my furry hat, give away my shoe, But don't give away my alligator stew.

Alligator soup, alligator soup, If I don't get some I think I'm gonna droop. Give away my hockey stick, give away my hoop, But don't give away my alligator soup.

English Lesson 1

1-syllable Food and Drink Ideas

soup	stew	bread	cake	pie
sauce	drink	spice	dhal	cream
rice	salt	fudge	tea	beans
bun	dip	feast	ham	loaf

Planning Format



	Verse 1 food:	Verse 2 food:	Verse 3 food:
ords			
Rhyming words			
/min			
Rh)			

Curriculum -

History – Resource 1

VIKING ARTEFACTS





Use these questions to guide your investigation of each artefact.

- 1. What do you notice about it?
- 2. What might it have been used for?
- 3. Who might have used it? (man/woman, rich/poor etc)
- 4. What materials might it be made from?
- 5. How might it feel? (rough/smooth/light/heavy etc)
- 6. What can it tell us about the lives of the Vikings?
- 7. How is it similar or different to a modern version of it?

8. What might be the reasons for these similarities or differences?

When you have recorded all your ideas have a look at the attached answer sheet and see how close your predictions were.

History – Resource 2

VIKING ARTEFACTS ANSWERS

Drinking horn and spoon



Horn was an important part of a cow or sheep as it could be used to make various items from armour to spoons. To use the horn it would be cleaned. If used for a drinking horn then it could be decorated. If you wanted a flat shape you would cut off the tip and then boil the horn to soften it. The horn would then be cut in half

and boiled again. The boiled horn would then be pressed flat and the shape of the item would then be cut out and moulded as necessary.

Flint and steel



The Vikings could use a flint and steel to start their fires. When the flint is struck against the steel it produces sparks. The hard flint edge shaves off a particle of the steel. This particle, heated by the friction, ignites. The sparks fall onto prepared tinder which can begin the fire.

Ring money



As well as coins, the Vikings would also use ring money. This was a silver bangle that would be worn on the wrist. The richer the person the more bangles would be worn. Money wouldn't be used for buying everyday items like bread and mead but for more expensive items like livestock, weapons and land. On the whole the

Vikings lived in a bartering society, so for everyday items they would barter for the goods and services they wanted.

Tools for leatherwork



Leather was an important material that was used for various items including water bottles and boots. Some Vikings were skilled leather workers, but a lot of people would have been able to produce essential items for themselves and their family. When out raiding or trading a Viking would have to be able to keep his equipment

and clothing in good condition so repairs would have to be made on the go. The **awl** was used to make holes in the leather, the **beeswax** helped the **linen thread** pass through the holes. For a



stronger seam they used two needles. Each **iron needle** passed through the same hole, this doubled the thickness of the stitching and meant if a thread snapped there was still a solid seam.





Tuesday Resources

Maths -English – Five Haiku for Five Senses - David Bateman

Grey-pink in the dawn sitting like far distant cloud: a new mountain range.

From a long distance even my father's cooking smells a bit like food.

After the dentist's I spoon soup into my mouth – or mostly my mouth.

'Easy listening' my father calls his music. We all disagree.

Panting on my bike the autumn rain in my mouth tastes of the winter.

Back to lesson here

Curriculum -



Session 2 resource

Where did the Vikings settle in Britain?

Vikings travelled from Scandinavia (now Norway, Sweden, Denmark) to Britain.

They mostly settled in the Danelaw, to the north and east of England.

Some Norwegian Vikings or 'Norse' sailed to Scotland.

They made settlements in the north, and on the Shetland and Orkney Islands.

Vikings also settled on the Isle of Man and often raided Wales, but few made homes there.

In Ireland, the Vikings founded the city of Dublin.







- 1. Find and label these countries on your map:
 - England
 - Scotland
 - Wales
 - Ireland
 - Denmark
 - Sweden
 - Norway
- 2. Colour the Viking homelands in yellow.
- 3. Colour the Viking settlements in red.
- 4. Draw arrows on your map to show the routes of the Vikings to the different Viking settlements.
- 5. Make a key on your map to show the Viking settlements and homelands



<u>Wednesday Resources</u> Maths-English-

Setting Ideas for Haiku



<u>A Park</u>







<u>A Mountain Top</u>





Planning Format for Haiku

My setting:

1 st sense	2 nd sense	3 rd sense
•	•	•
•	•	•
•	•	•
	•	
		•

Curriculum-

Thursday Resources

Maths-English-What is the Sun? – Wes Magee

The Sun is an orange dinghy sailing across a calm sea

it is a gold coin dropped down a drain in Heaven

the Sun is a yellow beach ball kicked high into the summer sky

it is a red thumb-print on a sheet of pale blue paper

the Sun is a milk bottle's gold top floating in a puddle.

Back to lesson here

Pictures of the Moon













Back to lesson<u>here</u>



Planning Format for What is the Moon?



Back to lesson here



Curriculum-

Session 2: Venn Diagram





Friday Resources Maths-English-What is the Moon? Publishing Sheet

W	hat is the	Moon?	
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Curriculum-



PSHE – Online Safety



Example answer:

I think that Sami should take a break from the game he is playing because it sounds like he is starting to get frustrated and might need some time to calm down.